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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/977,933	10/17/2001	Satoshi Inaba	P 284023 TRN-98S1152-D	4031		
909	7590	09/09/2003	EXAMINER			
PILLSBURY WINTHROP, LLP P.O. BOX 10500 MCLEAN, VA 22102		TRINH, MICHAEL MANH				
ART UNIT		PAPER NUMBER				
2822						

DATE MAILED: 09/09/2003

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Offic Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	09/977,933	INABA, SATOSHI	
	Examiner Michael Trinh	Art Unit 2822	
<i>-- Th MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspond nce address --</i>			
Period for Reply			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.			
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). 			
Status			
1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>30 June 2003</u> .			
2a) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> This action is FINAL. 2b) <input type="checkbox"/> This action is non-final.			
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims			
4) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Claim(s) <u>15-20 and 35</u> is/are pending in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.			
5) <input type="checkbox"/> Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.			
6) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Claim(s) <u>15-20</u> is/are rejected.			
7) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Claim(s) <u>35</u> is/are objected to.			
8) <input type="checkbox"/> Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.			
Application Papers			
9) <input type="checkbox"/> The specification is objected to by the Examiner.			
10) <input type="checkbox"/> The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) <input type="checkbox"/> accepted or b) <input type="checkbox"/> objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
11) <input type="checkbox"/> The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) <input type="checkbox"/> approved b) <input type="checkbox"/> disapproved by the Examiner. If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.			
12) <input type="checkbox"/> The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13) <input type="checkbox"/> Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) <input type="checkbox"/> All b) <input type="checkbox"/> Some * c) <input type="checkbox"/> None of: 1. <input type="checkbox"/> Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. <input type="checkbox"/> Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____. 3. <input type="checkbox"/> Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.			
14) <input type="checkbox"/> Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application). a) <input type="checkbox"/> The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.			
15) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.			
Attachment(s)			
1) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____ .	
2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____ .		6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____ .	

DETAILED ACTION

*** This office action is in response to Applicant's amendment filed on June 30, 2003. Claims 15-20 and 35 are currently pending, in which claim 35 has been newly added.

*** The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. Claims 15-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 15, using the term "...almost coincides..." renders meaning and scope of the claim being unclear and indefinite for how much it is "almost", whereby the specification does not provide a standard for ascertaining the requisite degree, and one of ordinary skill in the art would not be reasonably apprised of the scope of the invention.

(Dependent claims are rejected as depending on rejected base claim)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. Claims 15-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Isao (JP-04-093080).

Isao teaches a method for forming a semiconductor device comprising at least the steps of: forming an etching mask of a first insulating film 9,10 having an opening portion (Figs 2b,4a,4b); forming a trench 200 in the semiconductor substrate 100 by etching (Fig 4b,1b; English Abstract); forming a gate insulating film 11 of a second insulating film on an inner surface of the trench 200; forming a gate material film 12 on the second insulating film 11 (Fig 4b); patterning the gate film to form a gate (12A' in Fig 4c and 12B in Fig 4f) on a central portion of the trench and on source/drain side; implanting impurity ions to form source and drain extension regions 23 (Fig 4c); forming a third insulating film to cover the semiconductor substrate and forming gate sidewall spacers 29 of a third insulating film (Fig 4g) by anisotropically etching to cover the inner surface of the trench extending on the source/drain side of the gate 12B; and implanting ions into the source and drain regions using the gate 12B having

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the spacers 29 as a mask to form a MIS transistor having source and drain regions 32,32' being close to or adjacent to side surfaces of the trench and connected the source and drain extension regions 23,23' on the bottom surface of the trench, wherein, as shown in figures 1e and 4g, since the heavily doped source and drain regions (17A,17B in Fig 1e; and 32,32' in Fig 4g) are substantially coincide with the lightly doped source and drain extension regions (15A,15B in Fig 1e; and 23,23' in Fig 4g), a maximum impurity concentration of the heavily source and drain regions are thus almost coincide with a maximum impurity concentration of the lightly doped source and drain extension regions, inherently. Re claim 16, wherein the trench 200 is isotropically etched so that side surfaces of the trench 200 having a rounded surface (fig 1b,4b).

3. Claims 15-16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Ahn et al (5,342,796).

Ahn teaches a method for forming MIS semiconductor device at least comprising: forming an etching mask of a first insulating film 3 having an opening (Figs 3-4); forming a shallow trench having a plat bottom surface in at least a semiconductor substrate in corresponding with the (Fig 5, figs 7-9; col 4, lines 5-60); forming a gate insulating film of a second insulating film 7 and forming a gate material film 8 (Fig 6); patterning the gate film to form a gate 9 on a central portion of the trench and on source/drain side; implanting impurity ions to form source and drain extension regions 11 (Fig 8); forming a third insulating film to cover the semiconductor substrate and forming gate sidewall spacers 12 of a third insulating film by anisotropically etching to cover the inner surface of the trench extending on the source/drain side of the gate 9; and implanting ions into the source and drain regions using the gate having the spacers 12 as a mask to form a MIS transistor having source and drain regions 13 being close to or adjacent to side surfaces of the trench and connected the source and drain extension regions 11 on the bottom surface of the trench, wherein, as shown in figure 9, since the heavily doped source and drain regions 13 are almost coincide with the lightly doped source and drain extension regions 11, a maximum impurity concentration of the heavily source and drain regions 13 are thus almost coincide with a maximum impurity concentration of the lightly doped source and drain regions 11, inherently. Moreover, Ahn also teaches (at col 1, lines 25-42, lines 4-47; col 3, lines 46-54) about the relationship between the junction depth of the implanted

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source/drain regions and the depth of the trench (or the dug part). Re claim 16, wherein the trench is etched wet etchant which is inherently etched in isotropic direction so that side surfaces of the trench are constituted a rounded surface (col 3, lines 13-21).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Isao (JP04-093080) or Ahn et al (5,342,796) taken with Jeuch et al (4,939,100) and Lee et al (5,583,064).

Isao or Ahn teaches a MIS semiconductor device as applied above to claims 15-16.

Isao or Ahn lacks implanting ions into the bottom surface only to control a threshold voltage.

However, *Jeuch et al* teach (at fig 5F-5I; col 7, lines 10-21) to implant impurity ions into the bottom surface of the concave only, and thus inherently control a threshold voltage of the MIS semiconductor device. *Lee et al* teach to control a threshold voltage by implanting impurity ions only into the bottom surface of the concave (figs 5B,5C, 5H; col 5, lines 15-20).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the semiconductor device of Isao or Ahn by including impurity ions only at the bottom surface of the concave as taught by Jeuch and Lee. This is because of the desirability to control threshold voltage of the MIS semiconductor device.

5. Claims 18-19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Isao (JP04-093080) taken with Bronner et al (5,362,663).

Isao teaches a semiconductor device method as applied above to claims 15-16.

Isao does not mention the first insulating film of TEOS oxide, the second insulating film of thermal oxide, and the third insulating film of SiN for spacers, and the buffer layer of thermal oxide (claims 18-19).

However, Bronner et al teach the first insulating film 52 of TEOS oxide (col 6, lines 12-16; Fig 3), the second insulating film 60 of thermal oxide (col 8, lines 5-10), and the third insulating film of SiN for spacers 72 (col 8, lines 28-30; Fig 9), and the buffer layer 50 of thermal oxide (col 6, lines 10-15,28-35; Fig 3).

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Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to form the semiconductor device of Isao by forming the first insulating film of TEOS oxide, the second insulating film of thermal oxide, and the third insulating film of SiN for spacers, and the buffer layer of thermal oxide, as taught by Bronner et al, because these materials have proven in the art to be effectively and alternatively used as an insulating materials and as masking materials for protecting the underlying layers during subsequent etching and ion implantation.

6. Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Isao (JP04-093080) or Ahn et al (5,342,796) taken with Rodder et al (5,079,180).

Isao or Ahn teaches a semiconductor device method as applied above to claims 15-16.

Isao or Ahn lacks heating a high melting point metal to form silicide on source/drain regions and polysilicon gate.

However, Rodder et al teach (at Fig 2C-2D; col 5, lines 20-34) to reduce contact resistance by forming a high melting point metal layer to cover the substrate; heating the high melting point metal to form silicide 72,74 on source/drain regions and polysilicon gate; and removing the high melting point metal remaining on the spacers.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the method of Isao or Ahn by employing the process of forming a high melting point metal layer to cover the substrate, heating the high melting point metal to form silicide on source/drain regions and polysilicon gate, and removing the high melting point metal remaining on the spacers, as taught by Rodder et al. This is because of the desirability to reduce contact resistance.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claim 35 is objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

8. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

The references of record, alone or in combination, do not anticipatively disclose each and every aspect of the claimed method, or fairly make a prima facie obvious case of the claimed method, in combination with other processing claimed limitations as recited in claim 15, the further inclusion of implanting impurity ion to form the source/drain regions connected to the source/drain extension region on the bottom surface of the trench in which a position where an impurity concentration of the source/drain regions in the direction of depth is maximum coincides with a position where an impurity concentration of the source/drain extensions in the direction of depth is maximum, wherein an allowable misfit range required to make the maximum positions coincide with each other is about $\pm 0.01 \mu\text{m}$ as recited in claim 35.

Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's amendment and remarks filed June 30, 2003 have been fully considered but they are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

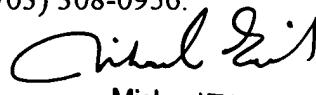
A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael M. Trinh whose telephone number is (703) 308-2554. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8:30 Am to 4:30 Pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Amir Zarabian can be reached on (703) 308-4905. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7722 for regular communications and (703) 308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

Oacs-102



Michael Trinh
Primary Examiner